CITY OF PIERRE

AUDIT REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2010

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#### Gary L. Larson, CPA

900 Winchester Drive Pierre, SD 57501 (605) 940-1284

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Commission City of Pierre Pierre, South Dakota

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pierre, South Dakota, as December 31, 2010, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City of Pierre's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated April 22, 2011. My report was modified to include a reference to other auditors.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the "Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre, SD", as described in my report of the City of Pierre's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting on compliance or other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City financial free Pierre's statements are of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions οf laws, regulations, contracts and noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board and information of the management of the City of Pierre and the South Dakota Legislature and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, as required by SDLC 4-11-11 this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

April 22, 2011

Jany & Larson

#### Gary L. Larson, CPA

900 Winchester Drive Pierre, SD 57501 (605) 940-1284

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### Independent Auditor's Report

City Commission City of Pierre Pierre, South Dakota

#### Compliance

I have audited the compliance of the City of Pierre, South Dakota, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The City of Pierre's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants its major federal programs applicable to each of is of Pierre's responsibility of the City management. responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Pierre's compliance based on my audit.

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Pierre's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion. My audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Pierre's compliance with those requirements.

The financial statements contained in this report include, as a component unit, the financial transactions of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre, which is a legally

separate entity that is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 14 to be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the City of Pierre. and Redevelopment Commission fulfills its own audit requirements including single audit requirements, apart from those of the City I did not audit compliance applicable to any of the federal awards of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission, and, these federal awards are not included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the City of Pierre. Housing and Redevelopment Commission was audited in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 by other auditors and their report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance with respect to federal programs is contained in their separately issued single audit report on the Housing and Redevelopment Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010.

My tests of compliance included tests relating to the use of Airport revenue and of the propriety of the disposition of airport funds or transfers to a sponsor. No instances of noncompliance of these requirements were noted. No funds were transferred out of the Airport Fund or otherwise paid to sponsors of the Airport Fund (which was the recipient of Airport Improvement grant funds in 2010).

In my opinion, the City of Pierre complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Internal Control over Compliance

management of the City of Pierre is responsible establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City of Pierre's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal Accordingly, I do not express an opinion control over compliance. effectiveness the City's internal control on the of compliance.

As discussed in paragraph three above, The Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre fulfills its own audit requirements, including single audit requirements, apart from those of the City of Pierre. Accordingly, I did not perform tests of controls over compliance applicable to any of the federal awards of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission. My report on internal controls over compliance is limited to the legal entity known as the City of Pierre.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board and management of the City of Pierre, the South Dakota Legislature and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, as required by OMB Circular A-133 and SDCL 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

April 22, 2011

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#### Gary L. Larson, CPA

900 Winchester Drive Pierre, SD 57501 (605) 940-1284

> REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

#### Independent Auditor's Report

City Commission City of Pierre Pierre, South Dakota

#### Compliance

I have audited the compliance of the City of Pierre with the compliance requirements described in the <u>Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies</u>, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide), that could have a direct and material effect on its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2010. Compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to its passenger facility charge program is the responsibility of the City of Pierre's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion the City of Pierre's compliance based on my audit.

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct material effect on the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Pierre's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as I considered necessary I believe that my audit provides a reasonable circumstances. basis for my opinion. My audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Pierre's compliance with those requirements. In my opinion, the City of Pierre complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Pierre is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City of Pierre's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Federal Aviation Administration, The South Dakota Legislature, the governing board and management of the City of Pierre and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

April 22, 2011

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#### Gary L. Larson, CPA

900 Winchester Drive Pierre, SD 57501 (605) 940-1284

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Commission City of Pierre Pierre, South Dakota

have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pierre, South Dakota, as of December 31, 2010, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Pierre's My responsibility is to express opinions on these management. financial statements based on my audit. I did not audit the financial statements of the "Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre, SD", which represent 100% of the total assets as of June 30, 2010 and 100% of the total revenues for the year then ended of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinions on the financial statements, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the "Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre, SD" in the component unit column, are based on the report of the other auditors.

conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. an audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement I believe my audit provides a reasonable basis for presentation. my opinions.

In my opinion, based on my audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all the respective financial position of respects, governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pierre, South Dakota, at December 31, 2010, the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with the Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated April 22, 2011 on my consideration of the City of Pierre's internal control over financial reporting and my compliance with provisions tests of its certain regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and to the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The OPEB Funding Progress information and budgetary comparison information on pages 75 through 86 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The City has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pierre's financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by the U. S. Office of Budget and Management Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations and the Schedule of

expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Pierre. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

April 22, 2011

#### CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	Governmental	Business-type
	Activities	Activities
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,479,401	\$5,258,565
Investments	1,547,600	3,056,966
Receivables	1,299,539	1,851,514
Inventories	168,418	974,055
Other assets	310,366	222,065
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,175,345	0
Investments	0	14,688,511
Deposit	247,374	0
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress	11,742,885	4,005,703
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	33,369,292	54,228,389
TOTAL ASSETS	\$57,340,220	\$84,285,768
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$623,279	\$1,266,215
Other current liabilities	21,633	502,510
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year	1,284,664	319,859
Due in more than one year	7,554,978	22,424,014
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,484,554	24,512,598
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	37,377,465	36,221,899
Restricted for:		
Construction	0	12,503,733
Excess housing assistance payments	0	0
Risk pool capitalization contribution	247,374	0
Cemetery - Expendable	4,464	0
Nonexpendable	50,000	0
Debt service	1,175,345	1,732,169
Unrestricted	9,001,018	9,315,369
TOTAL NET ASSETS	47,855,666	59,773,170
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$57,340,220	\$84,285,768

TOTAL	Component Unit
\$12,737,966	\$122,476
4,604,566	509,140
3,151,053	7,931
1,142,473	2,332
532,431	10,592
1,175,345	280,079
14,688,511	0
247,374	0
15,748,588	80,645
87,597,681	650,306
\$141,625,988	\$1,663,501
\$1,889,494	\$14,970
524,143	16,016
1,604,523	3,958
29,978,992	2,639
33,997,152	37,583
73,599,364	730,951
12,503,733	0
0	280,079
247,374	0
4,464	0
50,000	0
2,907,514	0
18,316,387	614,888
107,628,836	1,625,918
\$141,625,988	\$1,663,501

#### CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		PROGRAM R	EVENUES
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contibutions
Primary Government:			
Governmental Activities:			
General government	\$2,914,382	\$1,531,820	\$0
Public safety	3,636,324	396,518	24,348
Public works	4,176,245	124,955	2,102,605
Health and welfare	90,467	2,537	0
Culture and recreation	3,564,336	745,549	437,958
Conservation and development	819,334	0	0
Intergovernmental	446,974	0	0
*Interest on long-term debt	322,951	0	0
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	15,971,013	2,801,379	2,564,911
Business-type Activities:			
Water	1,978,973	2,336,801	0
Electric	11,218,527	13,545,586	0
Waste Water	2,269,891	2,434,988	0
Airport	1,616,701	206,262	0
Garbage	160,224	96,033	0
Landfill	1,056,565	1,216,420	0
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	18,300,881	19,836,090	0
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$34,271,894	\$22,637,469	\$2,564,911
Component Unit:			
Housing and Redevelopment Commission	\$1,022,559	\$102,455	\$830,000

<sup>\*</sup> The City does not have interest expense related to the governmental functions. This amount includes indirect interest on general long-term debt

### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

Capital	011	ANGE IN NET ASSETS		
Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
\$0	(\$1,382,562)	\$0	(\$1,382,562)	\$0
0	(3,215,458)	0	(3,215,458)	0
0	(1,948,685)	0	(1,948,685)	0
0	(87,930)	0	(87,930)	0
0	(2,380,829)	0	(2,380,829)	0
0	(819,334)	0	(819,334)	0
0	(446,974)	0	(446,974)	0
0	(322,951)	0	(322,951)	0
0	(10,604,723)	0	(10,604,723)	0
0	0	357,828	357,828	0
0	0	2,327,059 165,097	2,327,059 165,097	0
2,516,412	0	1,105,973	1,105,973	0
2,510,412	0	(64,191)	(64,191)	0
292,332	0	452,187	452,187	0
2,808,744	0	4,343,953	4,343,953	0
\$2,808,744	(\$10,604,723)	\$4,343,953	(\$6,260,770)	\$0
\$140,217	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$50,113

#### CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

#### GENERAL REVENUES:

Property taxes
Sales taxes
State shared revenues
Unrestricted investment earnings
Other general revenues

#### **TRANSFERS**

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets-beginning, as previously reported

Adjustment (Note 19)

Net Assets-beginning, as restated

NET ASSETS-ending

#### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
	\$2,460,795	\$0	\$2,460,795	\$0
	6,646,378	0	6,646,378	0
	372,924	0	372,924	0
	64,886	63,748	128,634	13,234
	728,212	44,746	772,958	4,290
	1,425,148	(1,425,148)	0	0
	11,698,343	(1,316,654)	10,381,689	17,524
	-			
	1,093,620	3,027,299	4,120,919	67,637
	46,779,830	56,745,871	103,525,701	1,558,281
	(17,784)	0	(17,784)	0
	46,762,046	56,745,871	103,507,917	1,558,281
	***	4-0	****	** *** ***
_	\$47,855,666	\$59,773,170	\$107,628,836	\$1,625,918

## CITY OF PIERRE BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General Fund	Special Tax Fund	Capital Improvements Fund
ASSETS			T GHG
Cash and cash equivalents	\$873,690	\$196,962	\$4,835,595
Investments	1,547,600	0	0
Taxes receivable-			
Delinquent	33,911	0	0
Accounts receivable	199,205	0	0
Special assessments receivable-current	27,220	0	0
Special assessments receivable-deferred	15,674	0	0
Due from other governments	472,798	50,879	440,776
Supply inventory	168,418	0	0
Prepaid expenses	233,082	0	0
Deposits	247,374	0	0
Restricted cash		492,330	683,015
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,818,972	\$740,171	\$5,959,386
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$336,520	\$9,000	\$87,764
Deferred revenue	209,949	15,598	111,510
Total Liabilities	546,469	24,598	199,274
FUND BALANCES:			
Reserved for:			
Deposits	247,374	0	0
Debt service	0	492,330	683,015
Inventory	168,418	0	0
Unreserved:			
Designated for next years appropriation	301,511	0	0
Designated for capital outlay accumulations,	340,713	0	949,034
reported in Special Revenue Funds	0	0	0
Undesignated, reported in:	2,214,487	223,243	4,128,063
Special revenue funds	0	0	0
Permanent fund	0	0	0
Debt service funds	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	3,272,503	715,573	5,760,112
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$3,818,972	\$740,171	\$5,959,386

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$437,454	\$6,343,701
0	1,547,600
0	33,911
49,207	248,412
0	27,220
0	15,674
0	964,453
0	168,418
0	233,082
0	247,374
0	1,175,345
\$486,661	\$11,005,190
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
\$12,872	\$446,156
0	337,057
12,872	783,213
0	247,374
0	1,175,345
0	168,418
0	301,511
0	1,289,747
296,767	296,767
0	6,565,793
122,288	122,288
54,464	54,464
270	270
473,789	10,221,977
\$486,661	\$11,005,190
ψ+00,001	Ψ11,005,170

#### CITY OF PIERRE

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Total Fund Balances-Government Funds	\$10,221,977
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therfore are not reported in the funds	45,112,177
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, capital leases payable and accrued leave payable and accrued other post-employment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and	
therefore are not reported in the funds	(8,839,642)
Property taxes receivable and special assessments are reported in the period to be financed by the property tax levy for both the governmental funds and the statement of net assets, but in the funds statement of net assets, "available" (within a 30 day period) are offset with deferred revenue	315,424
Deferred charges on long-term debt is not recorded	
in the funds statement because it is on the modified accrual basis of accounting	77,284
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in	
the statement of net assets	968,446
Net Assets-Governmental Funds	\$47,855,666
Net Assets-Governmental Funds	φ <del>+</del> 1,633,000

# CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General Fund	Special Tax Fund	Capital Improvement Fund
Revenues:			
Taxes-			
General property taxes	\$2,401,195	\$0	\$0
General sales taxes	3,115,118	424,480	3,115,118
911 telephone surcharge	0	0	0
Penalties and interest	4,658	0	0
Licenses and permits	161,089	0	0
Intergovernmental Revenue			
Federal grants	1,785,245	0	586,571
State grants	13,336	0	179,759
State shared revenues	424,803	0	0
County shared revenues	57,883	0	0
Charges for Goods or Services			
General government	1,525,498	0	0
Public safety	138,639	0	0
Health	2,537	0	0
Culture and recreation	620,571	0	0
Cemetery	30,745	0	0
Fines and Forfeits			
Court fines and costs	2,051	0	0
Other	7,538	0	0
Miscellaneous Revenue			
Interest earned	21,942	4,595	32,027
Rentals	10,385	0	0
Special assessments	6,322	0	0
Contributions from private sources	53,107	0	0
Other	350,671	0	0
Total Revenue	\$10,733,333	\$429,075	\$3,913,475

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$56,130	\$2,457,325
0	6,654,716
172,422	172,422
0	4,658
0	161,089
0	2,371,816
0	193,095
0	424,803
0	57,883
	0
6,322	1,531,820
75,806	214,445
0	2,537
124,978	745,549
0	30,745
0	2,051
62	7,600
6,322	64,886
0	10,385
0	6,322
2,167	55,274
202	350,873
\$444,411	\$15,520,294

## CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General	Special Tax	Capital Improvement
Expenditures:	Fund	Fund	Fund
General Governement:	1 unu	Tunu	1 unu
Legislative Legislative	\$78,044	\$0	\$0
Elections	5,524	0	0
Financial administration	1,383,844	0	0
Other	1,281,731	9,491	0
Public Safety:	1,201,701	2,.21	· ·
Police	2,258,742	0	0
Fire	382,064	0	22,293
Public Works:	,		,_,
Highways and streets	1,090,800	0	476,113
Sanitation	0	0	364,942
Cemeteries	177,440	0	0
Transit	1,208,985	0	0
Health and Welfare:	,,		
Health	13,071	0	0
Ambulance	0	0	71,668
Culture and Recreation:			,
Recreation	448,964	0	32,478
Parks	1,753,924	0	94,916
Libraries	636,693	0	0
Auditorium	14,559	0	0
Conservation and Development:	,		
Economic development	601,433	181,500	0
Debt Service	,	222,537	472,903
Intergovernmental	446,974	0	0
Capital Outlay	2,076,067	0	1,190,524
Total Expenditures	13,858,859	413,528	2,725,837
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(3,125,526)	15,547	1,187,638
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers-in	1,476,400	0	0
Transfers-out	0	(4,595)	(32,027)
Sale of City property	161,657	0	0
Proceeds of long-term debt	356,000	0	365,048
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,131,469)	10,952	1,520,659
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2010,			
as previously reported	4,403,972	704,621	4,257,237
Adjustment (Note 19)	0	0	(17,784)
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1, 2010, as restated	4,403,972	704,621	4,239,453
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2010	\$3,272,503	\$715,573	\$5,760,112

Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$0	\$78,044
0	5,524
0	1,383,844
126,455	1,417,677
570,912	2,829,654
0	404,357
0	1,566,913
0	364,942
0	177,440
0	1,208,985
0	13,071
0	71,668
0	481,442
0	1,848,840
1,711	638,404
0	14,559
	702.022
0	782,933
36,401	731,841
19,459	466,433
754,938	3,266,591
	17,753,162
(310,527)	(2,232,868)
0	1,476,400
(6,322)	(42,944)
0	161,657
0	721,048
(316,849)	83,293
790,638	10,156,468
0	(17,784)
790,638	10,138,684
\$473,789	\$10,221,977

#### **CITY OF PIERRE**

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Net Changes in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$83,293
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	1,269,244
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets	955,652
Proceeds of long-term debt are reported as revenues in the funds statements, but are liabilities in the Statement of Activities	(721,048)
Property tax revenues and special assessments are reported in the period to be financed by the property tax levy or special assessments for both the governmental funds and the governmental activities, but in the funds statement, any amounts that are not "available" are offset with deferred revenue.	(42,466)
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave or other post-employment benefits but the statement of activities reflects the change in these liabilities through expenditures.	(69,849)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(371,546)
Debt issue cost is deferred in the activities statement.	(9,660)
Change in Nets Assets of Governmental Activities	\$1,093,620

## CITY OF PIERRE BALANCE SHEET - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

			ENTERPRISE
	Water	Electric	Waste Water
	Fund	Fund	Fund
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,081,418	\$2,308,595	\$632,353
Investments	0	3,056,966	0
Accounts receivable	145,229	1,356,667	196,937
Due from other funds	0	809,648	0
Due from other governments	0	0	0
Supply inventory	333,996	555,521	0
Total Current Assets	1,560,643	8,087,397	829,290
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted investments	0	13,667,935	567,967
Deferred charges	0	222,065	0
Capital Assets:			
Land	9,092	3,265	49,434
Buildings	718,592	1,364,370	16,514,850
Improvements other than buildings	10,653,274	14,842,142	6,185,883
Machinery and equipment	1,438,631	1,208,508	1,355,599
Construction in progress	0	0	0
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,157,035)	(6,229,823)	(11,222,744)
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,662,554	25,078,462	13,450,989
TOTAL ASSETS	\$10,223,197	\$33,165,859	\$14,280,279

**FUNDS** 

Airport	Garbage	Landfill		Internal Service
Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
		·		
\$0	\$0	\$1,236,199	\$5,258,565	\$1,135,700
0	0	0	3,056,966	0
19,519	0	99,959	1,818,311	9,869
0	0	0	809,648	0
33,203	0	0	33,203	0
21,500	9,927	53,111	974,055	0
74,222	9,927	1,389,269	11,950,748	1,145,569
0	0	452,609	14,688,511	0
0	0	0	222,065	0
235,890	0	1,781,840	2,079,521	0
8,721,907	0	2,947,066	30,266,785	0
15,864,863	0	284,642	47,830,804	0
1,905,343	177,345	1,748,495	7,833,921	0
1,926,182	0	0	1,926,182	
(8,206,652)	(70,493)	(1,816,374)	(31,703,121)	0
20,447,533	106,852	5,398,278	73,144,668	0
\$20,521,755	\$116,779	\$6,787,547	\$85,095,416	\$1,145,569

## CITY OF PIERRE BALANCE SHEET - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

			ENTERPRISE
	Water	Electric	Waste Water
	Fund	Fund	Fund
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$38,159	\$906,389	\$251,316
Due to Electric Fund	0	0	0
Incurred but not reported claims payable	0	0	0
Customer deposits	0	432,913	0
Deferred revenue	8,219	51,606	7,809
Current portion of long-term debt	196,211	44,150	39,998
Total Current Liabilities	242,589	1,435,058	299,123
Non-current Liabilities:			
Bonds payable:	1.656.071	12 000 000	< 205.000
Revenue	1,656,871	13,890,000	6,285,000
Accrued leave payable Accrued landfill closure and	15,888	44,149	39,998
postclosure costs	0	0	0
•			
Total Non-current Liabilities	1,672,759	13,934,149	6,324,998
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,825,361	(2,701,538)	6,598,022
Restricted for construction	0	12,503,733	0
Restricted for debt service	0	1,164,202	567,967
Unrestricted net assets	1,482,488	6,830,255	490,169
Total Net Assets	8,307,849	17,796,652	7,656,158
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$10,223,197	\$33,165,859	\$14,280,279

FΙ	JN	DS

Airport Fund	Garbage Fund	Landfill Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund
\$48,199	\$939	\$21,213	\$1,266,215	\$31,667
642,705	166,943	0	809,648	0
0	0	0	0	145,456
0	0	0	432,913	0
1,588	0	375	69,597	0
7,575	10,035	21,890	319,859	0
700,067	177,917	43,478	2,898,232	177,123
0	0	0	21,831,871	0
7,575	10,034	21,890	139,534	0
			0	
0	0	452,609	452,609	0
7,575	10,034	474,499	22,424,014	0
20,447,533	106,852	4,945,669	36,221,899	0
0	0	0	12,503,733	0
0	0	0	1,732,169	0
(633,420)	(178,024)	1,323,901	9,315,369	968,446
19,814,113	(71,172)	6,269,570	59,773,170	968,446
\$20,521,755	\$116,779	\$6,787,547	\$85,095,416	\$1,145,569

#### **CITY OF PIERRE**

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

			ENTERPRISE
	Water	Electric	Waste Water
	Fund	Fund	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for goods and services	\$2,336,801	\$13,545,586	\$2,434,988
Health insurance contributions	0	0	0
Total Operating revenue	2,336,801	13,545,586	2,434,988
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personal services	540 510	666 075	414 905
Cost of sales	540,518 286,537	666,975 9,024,375	414,805 0
Other current expense	771,510	1,041,225	854,568
Depreciation	312,281	485,952	676,576
Total Operating Expenses	1,910,846	11,218,527	1,945,949
Operating Income (Loss)	425,955	2,327,059	489,039
Non-operating Revenue (Expense)			
Interest earned	6,263	40,733	6,432
Interest expense	(68,127)	0	(323,942)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of fixed assets	0	850	0
Airflight property taxes	0	0	0
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expense)	(61,864)	41,583	(317,510)
Net Income (Loss) before Contributions			
and Transfers	364,091	2,368,642	171,529
Capital contributions	0	0	0
Transfers-in	302,675	0	0
Transfers-out	(6,393)	(2,132,848)	(33,774)
Change in Net Assets	660,373	235,794	137,755
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	7,647,476	17,560,858	7,518,403
NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$8,307,849	\$17,796,652	\$7,656,158

FU	JN	DS

Airport	Garbage	Landfill		Internal Service
Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
ф20.c 2.c2	Φος 022	¢1.016.400	Φ10 02 <i>C</i> 000	¢Ω
\$206,262	\$96,033	\$1,216,420	\$19,836,090	\$0
0	0 00 022	1 216 420	10.826.000	1,307,168
206,262	96,033	1,216,420	19,836,090	1,307,168
327,406	83,607	494,297	2,527,608	0
0	11,618	0	9,322,530	0
253,166	52,605	370,135	3,343,209	1,678,714
1,036,129	12,394	192,133	2,715,465	0
1,616,701	160,224	1,056,565	17,908,812	1,678,714
(1,410,439)	(64,191)	159,855	1,927,278	(371,546)
0	0	10,320	63,748	8,308
0	0	0	(392,069)	0
0	0	15,188	16,038	0
28,708	0	0	28,708	0
28,708	0	25,508	(283,575)	8,308
(1,381,731)	(64,191)	185,363	1,643,703	(363,238)
2,516,412	0	292,332	2,808,744	0
424,937	42,718	0	770,330	0
0	0	(22,463)	(2,195,478)	(8,308)
1,559,618	(21,473)	455,232	3,027,299	(371,546)
18,254,495	(49,699)	5,814,338	56,745,871	1,339,992
\$19,814,113	(\$71,172)	\$6,269,570	\$59,773,170	\$968,446

#### CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  Receipts from customers  Cash receipts for interfund services  Payments to suppliers  Internal activities-payment to other funds  Water  Fund  \$2,299,899  (746,657)  (746,657)  (746,657)	Electric Fund \$12,650,776 1,042,096 (9,169,860) (795,419) (655,734) 3,071,859	Waste Water Fund \$2,522,593 8,489 (103,871) (503,797) (414,308)
Receipts from customers \$2,299,899  Cash receipts for interfund services 64,067  Payments to suppliers (746,657)  Internal activities-payment to other funds (534,245)	\$12,650,776 1,042,096 (9,169,860) (795,419) (655,734)	\$2,522,593 8,489 (103,871) (503,797)
Cash receipts for interfund services 64,067 Payments to suppliers (746,657) Internal activities-payment to other funds (534,245)	1,042,096 (9,169,860) (795,419) (655,734)	8,489 (103,871) (503,797)
Payments to suppliers (746,657) Internal activities-payment to other funds (534,245)	(9,169,860) (795,419) (655,734)	(103,871) (503,797)
Internal activities-payment to other funds (534,245)	(795,419) (655,734)	(503,797)
	(655,734)	
		(414.208)
Payments to employees(545,141)	3,071,859	(414,306)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 537,923		1,509,106
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Loans (to) from other funds 0	(382,083)	0
Transfers from other funds 302,675	0	0
Transfers (to) other funds (6,393)	(2,132,848)	(33,774)
Airflight property taxes 0	0	0
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds of capital debt 0	13,667,935	6,460,000
Capital contributions 0	0	0
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 0	850	0
Purchase of capital assets (370,907)	(490,938)	(609,253)
Debt principal paid (174,146)	0	(6,461,813)
Debt interest paid (68,127)	0	(323,942)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchase of investments 0	(12,528,223)	(567,967)
Cash received for interest 6,263	40,733	6,432
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and		
Cash Equivalents 227,288	1,247,285	(21,211)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year 854,130	1,061,310	653,564
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year \$1,081,418	\$2,308,595	\$632,353
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss) \$425,955	\$2,327,059	\$489,039
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation expense 312,281	485,952	676,576
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables 20,863	80,366	90,695
Inventories (245,533)	65,874	0
Accounts and other payables 28,980	101,367	252,299
Accrued leave payable (4,623)	11,241	497
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$537,923	\$3,071,859	\$1,509,106

Internal Service		Landfill	Garbage	Airport
Total Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund
\$18,958,140		\$1,177,519	\$96,033	\$211,320
1,167,081 1,369,998		52,429	0	0
(10,587,848) (1,559,340		(263,221)	(9,889)	(294,350)
(2,010,227)		(88,088)	(48,713)	(39,965)
(2,513,002)		(488,041)	(84,772)	(325,006)
5,014,144 (189,342	5,014,144	390,598	(47,341)	(448,001)
0 0	0	0	4,623	377,460
770,330	770,330	0	42,718	424,937
(2,195,478) (8,308	(2,195,478)	(22,463)	0	0
28,708	28,708	0	0	28,708
20,127,935	20,127,935	0	0	0
3,162,503	3,162,503	292,332	0	2,870,171
16,038	16,038	15,188	0	0
(5,088,381)	(5,088,381)	(364,008)	0	(3,253,275)
(6,635,959)	(6,635,959)	0	0	0
(392,069)	(392,069)	0	0	0
(13,177,538)	(13,177,538)	(81,348)	0	0
63,748 8,308	63,748	10,320	0	0
1,693,981 (189,342	1,693,981	240,619	0	0
3,464,584 1,325,042	3,464,584	895,580	0	0
\$5,158,565 \$1,135,700	\$5,158,565	\$1,136,199	\$0	\$0
\$1,927,278 (\$371,546	\$1,927,278	\$159,855	(\$64,191)	(\$1,410,439)
2,715,465	2,715,465	192,133	12,394	1,036,129
210,478 62,830	210,478	13,495	0	5,059
(203,542)		(12,182)	5,640	(17,341)
349,859 119,374		31,041	(19)	(63,809)
14,606	14,606	6,256	(1,165)	2,400
\$5,014,144 (\$189,342	\$5,014,144	\$390,598	(\$47,341)	(\$448,001)

### CITY OF PIERRE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,545
Total Assets	\$6,545
A LA DIA VIDUE	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others	\$6,545
Total Liabilities	6,545
NET ASSETS	0
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$6,545

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of the City of Pierre consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds which the primary government has а fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those government organizations for which the primary financially accountable; and other organizations for with the nature and significance of their relationship the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The City is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City (primary government). The City may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent of the City.

Financial statements of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the City of Pierre, SD are discretely presented in the accompanying financial statements under "component units". This financial information is as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The component unit is a governmental unit formed to provide low-income housing to residents of the City of Pierre.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The criteria for including the component unit in the financial reporting entity is that of control over the appointment of members of the governing board of the component unit. The City Commission appoints the board members of the component unit, thus having control over it. The City Commission has the statutory authority to approve or deny any proposed Commission housing Projects (SDCL 11-7-49 through 49.1, 11-7-53 and 11-7-78) and to approve or disapprove the Housing Commission's intent to issue long-term debt, by disapproving a proposed project to be so financed. (SDCL 11-7-53.2)

The component unit is reported using the accrual basis for accounting.

Separate financial statements for the component unit can be obtained from the City of Pierre Housing and Redevelopment Commission of Pierre, PO Box 937, Pierre South Dakota 57501.

The Housing and Redevelopment Commission's fiscal year end is June 30, 2010. The City has included the June 30, 2010 audit report financial information in the amounts it reports as a discretely presented component unit. No significant transactions between the City and the Housing and Redevelopment Commission have occurred.

The City participates in a cooperative unit for Exposition Building (Hughes County, Stanley County, and the City of Fort Pierre). See detailed Note 17 for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the City.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Statements:

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except for fiduciary funds. statements distinguish between the governmental business-type activities and discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. presented component units are legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria, as described in note la above and may be classified as either governmental or business-type activities. See the discussion of individual component units in Note 1 above.

Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. expenses are those that Direct are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary A fund is considered major if it is the categories. primary operating fund of the City or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 corresponding of the total all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the funds operations.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Special Sales Tax Fund - A fund authorized by City Ordinance Number 1534 to account for an additional one percent sales tax which may be used only for capital improvement, land acquisition, the City, promotion and advertising of the its facilities, attractions and activities, and debt retirement. This is a major fund.

Capital Improvement Fund - a fund established by ordinance Number 1534 to account for a portion of the City's general sales tax (previously known as the 2<sup>nd</sup> Penny Sales Tax). Proceeds from this tax are to be used for land acquisition, street or infrastructure improvements, firefighting other vehicles and equipment, the transfer to the special fund, and/or retiring capital improvement indebtedness for Governmental debt. This is a major fund.

The remaining Special Revenue Funds are reported in the aggregate in the Other Governmental Funds Column on the fund financial statements: E911 Fund, Library Fund, Police Pistol Range Fund, Cable Access Fund and Special Assessment Fund. These are not major funds.

**Permanent Funds** - Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs - that is for the benefit of the City and its citizenry.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund - to account for the payments received for perpetual care of cemeteries which is permanently set aside and for which only the income from the trust fund investments is used for the care and maintenance of the cemetery (SDCL 9-32-18). This is not a major fund.

**Debt Service Funds** - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

TIF Funds - to account for the property taxes which may be used only for the payment of the applicable TIF Bonds. The City has two of these debt service funds (TIF #4 and #5). Neither is a major fund.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS:

Enterprise Funds - enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expensed incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance. public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The business type activities and the enterprise funds do not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

#### Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund - financed primarily by user charges this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities (SDCL 9-47-1).

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Electric Fund - to account for the construction and operation of the municipal electrical system and related facilities (SDCL 9-39-1 and 9-39-96).

Wastewater Fund - to account for the construction and operation of the municipal sewer system and related facilities (SDCL 9-48-2).

Airport Fund - to account for the acquisition, construction and operation of a municipal airport (SDCL 50-7-2).

Garbage Fund - to account for the collection and disposal of solid waste from the City (SDCL 9-32-11 and 34A-6).

Landfill Fund - to account for the construction and operation of landfill operation for the City.

Internal Services Funds - Internal Services Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the primary government and its component units or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Health Insurance Fund is the only internal service fund maintained by the City. Internal service funds are never considered to be major funds.

#### Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The majority of the Agency Funds account for the activity of the "Payroll Clearing Fund" and "Medical Reimbursement Clearing Fund". Agency funds are never considered to be major funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

#### Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources' measurement focus and the modified accruals basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

#### Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental, business-type and component unit activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the City of Pierre, the length of that cycle is 30 days. The revenues which are accrued at December 31, 2010 are sales tax, real estate taxes, state shared revenues and miscellaneous other revenues.

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principle and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In order to minimize the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity, certain "centralized expenses" including employee health insurance, are charged as direct expenses to funds or programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program, department or fund. When expenses are charged, in this manner, expense reductions occur in the Internal Service Fund so that expenses are reported only in the function to which they relate.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables (reported in "Advance to" asset accounts) are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do no constitute "available spendable resources" since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of interfund receivables (reported in "Due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources".

### e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

Infrastructure assets used in general government operations, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems, acquired prior to January 1, 1980, were not required to be capitalized by the City. Infrastructure assets acquired since January 1, 1980 are recorded at cost, and classified as "Improvements other than Buildings".

For governmental activities Capital Assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

accordance with USGAAP, while for capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in government-wide of fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements: All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant and which extend to useful file of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The total December 31, 2010 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately fifty percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total December 31, 2010 balance of capital assets for business-type activities includes approximately ten percent for which costs were also estimates of the original cost. These estimated original costs were established by reviewing applicable historical costs of similar items and basing the estimations thereon.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and on each proprietary fund's Statement of Net Assets/Balance Sheet. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Car	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated	
Thi	reshol	<u>d</u>	Method	Useful	Life
Land and					
land rights	\$	0	N/A		N/A
${\tt Improvements}$					
other than					
buildings		5,000	Straight-line	10-25	years
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	40-99	years
Machinery and	f				
Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3-25	years
Infrastructu	ce	5,000	Straight-line	25-50	years
Utilities					
property and	f				
improvements	3	5,000	Straight-line	10-50	years

Land, an inexhaustible capital asset, is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

### f. Long-term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of compensated absences, other post employment benefits, revenue bonds payable and capital leases.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principle and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

### g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments,
  organizations or individuals that are restricted
  for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a
  particular program.

### h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

### i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The City pools the cash resources of its funds for cash management purpose. The proprietary funds essentially have access to the entire amount of their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, each proprietary fund's equity in the cash management pool is considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

### j. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints places on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Reserved" and "Unreserved" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net assets held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Assets:

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net assets, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The City follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below.

Deposits - The City deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1 and 9-22-6.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits.

Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

that banks public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits City funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States securities quaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) or (C) an open-end, no-load fund administered by shares of investment company whose only investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b) Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated as its fiscal agent.

The amount reported as deposits and investments includes \$552,609 of the Landfill Fund which is being held in trust for the purpose of paying closure and post-closure costs relating to the City operated landfill. These assets are restricted as to use, and are not available to the City without prior approval of the State of South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

The amount reported as deposits and investments also includes \$2,907,514 of the various funds restricted for debt service and \$12,503,733 restricted for construction.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2010, none of the City's deposits in financial institutions were exposed to custodial credit risk.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - (Component Unit) - The Commission does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2009, the Commission's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Credit Risk** - State law limits eligible investments for the City, as discussed above. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of December 31, 2010, the City had the following investments. Except for the \$552,609, for the Landfill Fund, all the investments are in an investment pool. Investments are all bank certificates of deposit of over 90 day maturity.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

State law allows income from deposits and investment to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making he investment. The City's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Certain receivables and liabilities are aggregated in these financial statements. See the following schedule of aggregated items:

### 3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities
Aggregated receivables:		
Taxes receivable	\$ 33,911	\$ -
Accounts receivable	258,281	1,818,311
Special assessments:		
Current	27,220	_
Deferred	15,674	-
Due from other governments	964,453	33,203
	\$1,299,539	\$1,851,514
Other Current Liabilities:		
Amounts held for others	\$ 21,633	\$ -
Deferred revenue	_	69,597
Customer deposits	<u> </u>	432,913
	\$ 21,633	\$ 502,510

The City expects all receivables to be collected within one year except for \$15,674 of deferred special assessments. These will be collected over several years.

#### 4. INVENTORY

Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Supply inventories are recorded at cost.

Inventory acquired for resale in the proprietary funds is recorded as an asset when acquired. The consumption of inventories held for resale is charged to expense as it is consumed. Inventories held for resale are recorded at the lower of cost or market, on the first-in, first-out cost flow assumption.

### Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, inventory is recorded as an asset at the time of purchase, and charged to expense as it is consumed.

### 4. INVENTORY (continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, inventory is recorded as an asset at the time of purchase, and charged to expense as it is consumed. Material supply inventories are off-set by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

#### 5. DEFFERED REVENUE

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on or before October 1 and payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the following year.

The City is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the City.

#### 7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in fixed assets for the year ended December 31, 2010 follows:

### 7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (continued):

-	Balance 1/1/10	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance 12/31/10
PRIMARY GOVERNM	ENT:			
Governmental Action Capital Assets Not being Depreciated: Land	<b>tivities:</b> \$11,742,885 \$	; - :	4	\$11,742,885
Capital Assets Being Deprecia		, <u> </u>	<del>,</del> –	ŸII, / <del>1</del> 2,003
Buildings Improvements Other than	15,888,439	541,636	-	16,430,075
Buildings Machinery a	34,761,786	1,303,894	319,876	35,745,804
Equipment	9,571,123	1,421,061	732,031	10,260,153
Totals	60,221,348	3,266,591	1,051,907	62,436,032
Less accumulate Depreciation Building Improvements Machinery and Equipment	for: 5,875,621 16,845,599	438,444 660,942 897,961	319,876	6,314,065 17,186,665 5,566,010
Total	28,121,300	1,977,347	1,051,907	29,066,740
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated- Net	\$32,100,048	\$1,269,244	\$ -	\$33,369,292
Governmental Ac Capital Assets Net	S	\$1,269,244	\$ -	\$45,112,177

### 7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General Government Public Safety Public Works Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation		\$ 150,25 402,31 857,96 5,72 581,09 \$1,997,34	L3 55 28 91	
-	Balance 1/1/10	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance 12/31/10
Business-type Ad Capital Assets Not being Depreciated	ctivities:			
Land	\$ 1,870,865	\$ 208,656	\$ -	\$ 2,079,521
Construction in progress	1,108,029	818,153		1,926,182
Totals	\$ 2,978,894	\$1,026,809	\$ -	\$ 4,005,703
Capital Assets Being Deprecia Buildings Improvements		2,439,503	142,410	30,266,785
Other than Buildings		880,989	432,044	47,830,804
Machinery and Equipment		741,080	183,292	7,833,921
Totals	82,627,684	4,061,572	757,746	85,931,510
			142,410 432,044	
Machinery a Equipment	nd 4,518,305	420,679	183,292	4,755,692
Total	29,745,402	2,715,465	757,746	31,703,121

7. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/10	Increases	Decreases	12/31/10
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated-				
Net	\$52,882,282	\$1,346,107	\$ -	\$54,228,389
Business-type Capital Asset	<del>-</del>			
Net	\$55,861,176	\$2,372,916	\$ -	<u>\$58,234,092</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 312,281
Electric	485,952
Waste water	676,576
Airport	1,036,129
Garbage	12,394
Landfill	192,133
	<u>\$2,715,465</u>

Construction in progress consists of the following:

Project	Estimated	Incurred	Remaining
<u>Name</u>	Total Cost	Costs	Costs
Airport Terminal	\$12,700,000	\$1,926,182	\$10,773,818

No additional borrowing will be necessary to complete the project.

### 8. CHANGES IN COMPONENT UNIT CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in component unit capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Ва	alance					Ва	alance
	07,	/01/09	Increase	es	Decrea	ses	06,	/30/10
		_						
Capital Assets								
Not being								
Depreciated:								
Land	\$	80,645	\$	-	\$	_	\$	80,645

### 8. CHANGES IN COMPONENT UNIT CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 07/01/09	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/10
Construction Work in		_		
Progress	\$ 3,429	\$ -	\$ 3,429	\$ -
Total	84,074		3,429	80,645
Capital Assets Being Deprecia Buildings and				
Improvements Furniture and	2,145,744	151,142	\$ -	2,296,886
equipment	182,500	17,909		200,409
Totals	2,328,244	169,051		2,497,295
Less accumulate Depreciation: Buildings and				
improvements Furniture and	1,677,888	71,963	_	1,749,851
equipment	78,084	19,054		97,138
Totals	1,755,972	91,017		1,846,989
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated-				
Net	\$ 572,272	\$ 78,034	\$ -	\$ 650,306
Component Unit				
Net	\$ 656,346	<u>\$ 78,034</u>	\$ 3,429	<u>\$ 730,951</u>

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summa	ary of chang Beginning <u>Balance</u>	ſ	term debt i	Ending I	Oue Within One Year
Primary Gove	ernment:				
Government	Activities:				
Bonds Paya					
	7,691,692	\$ 110,597	\$ 753,797	\$7,048,492	\$ 713,547
Financing					
(Capital					
Acquisit	277,624	610 451	201 855	686 220	221 117
Leases _	277,024	010,431	201,033	000,220	
Total					
Debt	7,969,316	721,048	955,652	7,734,712	944,644
<del>-</del>					
Accrued Co	mpensated A	bsences-			
Governmen					
Funds _	752,279	303,588	375,140	680,727	340,000
0 0 0 0	202 002	141 401		404 000	
O.P.E.B	282,802	141,401		424,203	
Total Gover	nmental				
	9,004,397	1,166,037	1,330,792	8.839.642	1.284.664
11001710100					
Business-typ	e Activitie	es:			
Bonds Payak					
Revenue _	8,298,152	20,350,000	6,635,959	22,012,193	180,321
Accrued Comp		sences-			
Business-t	zype 264,465	146,806	122 200	279,071	120 520
runus _	204,403	140,000	132,200	2/9,0/1	139,538
Total Busin	ness-type				
	8,562,617	20,496,806	6,768,159	22,291,264	319,859
					•
TOTAL					
PRIMARY					
GOVERNMENT <u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	21,662,843	\$8,098,951	\$31,130,906	\$1,604,521

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Beginning Balance Additions Deletions	Ending Due Balance Or	Within le Year
Component Unit: Accrued		
Compensated Absences \$ 6,291 \$ 4,081 \$ 3,775	\$ 6,597 \$	3,958
Debt payable at December 31, 2010 following:	is comprised	of the
GOVERNMENT ACTIVITY DEBT:		
Revenue Bonds:  2009 Tax Increment Revenue Bond for TI District No. 5 Loan, payable by a deb Service Fund. Terms are for semi-ann Payments at 4.8% interest, matures 20	t ual	811,116
2009 Regional Landfill Assistance Loan Payable by Capital Improvement Fund, Due in semi-annual installments of \$23,814, including 2.5% interest. MaJune 1, 2017.		284,102
State Revolving Fund - Solid Waste Landand Baler, matures December 31, 2023; 3% interest rate, payments to be fination the Capital Improvement Fund		429,177
Convention Center Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, matures October 1 2014; 2%-4% interest rate depending of length to maturity of individual bond payment to be financed from the Special Tax Fund	n ;	800,000
State Revolving Fund Loan for the development of a landfill, matures June 30, 2025, 4.5% interest rate; payment to be financed from the		

Capital Improvement Fund

922,922

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

State Revolving Fund Loan for landfill remediation, initial draw only. Terms will be determined upon completion of project; payment to be financed by the Capital Improvement Fund

\$ 86,175

2005 Refunding Certificates of Participation, interest rates of 3.25% to 4.25%, depending on length to maturity of individual certificates, matures July 1, 2019; payment to be financed by the Capital Improvement Fund

3,565,000

2008 Tax Increment Revenue Bond for TIF District No. 4 Loan, payable by a debt Service Fund. Terms are for semi-annual Payments at 6.125% interest, matures 2024

150,000

Total Revenue Debt

\$ 7,048,492

Financing (Capital Acquisition) Leases:

Fire truck, due in semi-annual installments of \$73,176, including 4.3% interest, matures July 1, 2011, payments to be made by the General Fund

\$ 141,764

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

Principal \$531,600 Interest 53,809

\$585,409

Golf Club House, due in annual installments of \$46,474, including 5.5% interest, matures July 1, 2020; payments to be made by the General Fund

356,000

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

Principal	\$356,000
Interest	110,738

\$466,738

Fire truck #4, due in annual installments of \$65,995, including 1.7% interest, matures January 15, 2013; payments to be made by the General Fund

188,456

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

Principal	\$254,451
Interest	6,531

\$263,982

#### Total Capital Leases

686,220

The principal amount of the above lease was included in the appropriate classification of capital assets and is being depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset.

### Compensated Absences:

The liability for compensated absences represents leave benefits earned as of December 31, 2010:

Annual Leave	417,527
Sick Leave	263,200
Total	680,727

9.	LONG-TERM	DEBT	(continued)
----	-----------	------	-------------

Electric Fund.

Total Revenue Bonds

9.	LONG-IERM DEBI (CONCINUED)			
	Other post employment benefits	 4	124,	203
	Total Governmental Activity Debt	\$ 8,8	339,	642
	BUSINESS ACTIVITY DEBT			
	Revenue Bonds:			
	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan (1), matures January 1, 2018, 3.5%interest rate, payment to be financed from the Water Fund	\$ ŗ	540,	213
	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan (2), matures September 30, 2020, 3.5% interest rate, payment to be financed from the Water Fund	1,2	296,	980
	Waste Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, Proceeds used for the redemption of Series 99 bonds, sewer revenues pledged on debt; matures in 2013; 1.40% - 1.70% interest rate; payment to be financed from the Sewer Fund	8	315,	000
	Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B, matures January 1, 2021, 5% - 2.9% interest rate, payment to be financed from Waste Water Fund	5,4	170,	000
	Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 2010C, (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds). Proceeds will be used for a new electric substation. Matures December 15, 2040; 6% interest rate with a 45% federal credit; payments to be made by the			2.2.5

\$13,890,000

\$22,012,193

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Compensated Absences:

Compensated absences of Enterprise

Employees:

 Annual leave
 173,351

 Sick leave
 105,720

 Total Compensated Absences
 279,071

 Total Business Type Funds
 22,291,264

GRAND TOTAL, PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

\$31,130,906

In 2010 the City issued the above refunding bonds (series 2010A and 2010B) to refinance two Wastewater Revenue Bonds (series 1999 and 2000). The old bonds had interested rates of approximately 5.12%. That resulted in a savings of future payments of \$724,939 and an economic gain of \$693,865.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2010 excluding compensated and other post-employment benefits is as follows:

Annual Requirements to Amortize Long-term Debt December 31, 2010

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending

December Revenue Capital Lease Total Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal Interest 2011 \$ 713,547 \$ 258,722 \$231,117 \$27,905 \$ 944,664 \$ 286,627 832,227 2012 741,888 226,623 90,339 22,330 248,953 2013 772,250 201,328 94,423 18,246 866,673 219,574 2014 799,851 172,174 32,580 14,094 832,431 186,268 2015 693,960 141,404 34,593 12,081 728,553 153,485 2016-2020 2,692,925 346,207 203,168 30,201 2,896,093 376,408 2021-2025 634,071 44,007 - 634,071 44,007 TOTAL

#### 10. INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued):

Transfers for 2010 were as follows:

<u>FUND</u> General	\$1,4 <mark>76</mark> ,400	<u>OUT</u> \$ -
Special Revenue Funds: Special Tax Capital Improvement Public Channel	- - -	4,595 32,027 6,322
Enterprise Funds: Water Electric Waste Water Airport Garbage Landfill Internal Service Fund	302,675 - - 424,937 42,718 - -	6,393 2,132,848 33,774 - - 22,463 8,308
	\$2,246,730	\$2,246,730

The reasons for the 2010 transfers were as follows:

To subsidize operations \$2,246,730

#### 11. RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees, except for part-time, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. provides retirement, disability and survivors' benefits. right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, P. O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

#### 11. RETIREMENT PLAN (continued):

General employees are required by the state statute to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan, while public safety and judicial employees contribute at 8% and 9%. State statute also requires the employer to respectively. contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. statute also requires the employer to additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The City's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended December 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$440,538, \$437,758 \$408,583, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the City managed its risks as follows:

### Employee Health Insurance:

The City has established a group health self-insurance fund to pay for medical claims of city employees and their covered dependents. Payments to the fund are actuarially determined and are to cover individual claims up to \$25,000 and any administrative costs relative to the processing of the claims. Medical claims exceeding this amount are covered through a private insurance carrier, up to a maximum lifetime coverage of \$1,000,000. An estimated liability for claims incurred but not paid is accrued based upon the past experience of the plan.

Changes in the aggregate liabilities of the Group Health Insurance Fund during 2010 were as follows:

Benefit Claims Payable, at beginning of year \$ 57,749

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business-type Activities:

Year Ending

Ending		
December	Rev	venue
31,	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 180,321	\$ 930,952
2012	1,106,717	1,024,019
2013	1,123,337	1,003,377
2014	1,145,193	978,158
2015	1,172,292	950,333
2016-2020	5,629,333	4,259,690
2021-2025	2,925,000	3,474,116
2026-2030	2,380,000	2,839,550
2031-2035	2,860,000	1,961,060
2036-2040	3,490,000	805,875
TOTAL	\$22,012,193	\$18,227,130

### 10. INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2010 were:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Enterprise Funds: Electric Fund Airport Fund Garbage Fund	\$ 809,648 - -	\$ - 642,705 166,943
Total	\$ 809,648	\$ 809,648

The above loans were made to compensate for a temporary cash overdraft position in the Airport and Garbage Funs at yearend. The "loans" above are legal transfers between funds as defined by SDCL 9-21-26.1 Since it was the City's intent to repay them as soon as possible, these legal transfers are classified as "loans."

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Employees Health and Related Benefits Incurred:

Attributable to Insured Events of

the Current Year 1,678,714

Employee Health and Related Benefits Paid (1,559,340)

Benefit Claims Payable, end of year \$ 177,123

### Workmen's Compensation:

The City joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop and administer, on behalf organizations, of the member а program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for a comprehensive loss and to develop control The City's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation The City pays an annual premium, to provide worker's for its employees, compensations coverage retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute.

The pool pays the first \$325,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to an additional \$1,675,000 per individual per incident.

The City does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

#### Liability:

The City joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk services, loss control and risk information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. City's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the City. The City pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. City pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for automobiles and general liability. The agreement with the SDPAA Provides that the above coverages will be provided to a \$3,000,000 limit. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$250,000 to the upper limit. A portion of the member premiums are also allocated to a cumulative reserve The City would be eligible to receive a refund for a percentage of the amount allocated to the cumulative reserve fund on the following basis:

End	of	the	City's	first full year	50%
End	of	the	City's	second full year	60%
End	of	the	City's	third full year	70%
	_	_			
End	οÍ	the	City's	fourth full year	80%
			_	fourth full year fifth full year	80% 90%
End	of	the	City's	-	

As of December 31, 2010, the City has vested balance in the cumulative reserve fund of \$247,374.

The City carries a \$1,000 deductible for the automotive coverage and \$1,000 deductible for the general liability coverage.

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The City does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

### Unemployment Benefits:

The City provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

#### 13. CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COST

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$452,609 reported as landfills closure and post-closure care liability at December 31, 2010, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100 percent of the estimated capacity of the old landfill which was closed in 2003 and \$239,155 of the new landfill which opened in 2003. The new landfill closure and past closure costs were based on an estimated useful life of eighty-seven years with an annual deposit of \$30,092.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and post-closure care. The City has contributed \$452,609 to this trust as of December 31, 2010.

#### 14. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The following table shows the net assets for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Assets:

RESTRICTION	RESTRICTED BY	Amount
Risk Pool		
Capitalization	Agreement	\$ 247,374
Cemetery	Trust agreements	54,464
Debt Service	Debt Covenants	2,907,514
Construction	Loan agreements	12,503,733
		\$15,713,085

#### 15. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### Plan Description:

The City of Pierre's Postemployment Health Care Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan which provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Plan is authorized by SDCL 9-14-35 and SDCL 6-1-16 and is administered by the City of Pierre. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

### Funding Policy:

The contributions of plan members and the City are established by City policy. The required contribution is based on projected "pay-as-you-go" financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City. For 2010, the required contribution to the Plan was \$141,401. Since no contribution was made in 2010 the City accrued a liability of \$424,203, as of December 31, 2010.

### Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed thirty years.

### 15. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued):

The following table shows the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Plan.

Annual required contribution	\$141,401
Interest on net OPEB obligation	_
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual OPEB Cost	141,401
Contribution made	
Increase in net OPEB obligation	141,401
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of year	282,802
Net OPEB Obligation, End of year	\$424,203

The City's annual OPEB cost is \$141,401 for 2010, of which the pay-as-you-go cost was 44.7% of \$63,235.

### Funded Status:

The Plan is on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, therefore it is not funded as of December 31, 2010.

### Actuarial Assumptions:

The December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation was compiled using the "projected unit credit" actuarial cost method. The assumptions included a 4.5% rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual health-care cost trend of 9% initially, grading to 5% over 8 years. The amortization period of the unfunded liability is 30 years.

#### 16. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The City has long-term contracts for the purchase of electrical energy with the Western Area Power Administration and the Missouri Basin Municipal Power Agency. These contracts expire December 31, 2020 and January 1, 2030, respectively. According to the terms of the contracts, the City is obligated to purchase all of its electrical energy from these two sources. No minimum purchase requirements have been established in the contracts.

#### 17. EXPOSITION BUILDING

The City participates in an undivided interest, known as Exposition Building, which is a joint operation between the City of Pierre, Fort Pierre, Stanley and Hughes Counties for the construction and operation of a multiple use exposition building located at the Stanley County Fairgrounds in Fort Pierre, South Dakota. The primary use of the facility during winter months will be for hockey and multiple uses during other times of the year. Construction started in 1998 and was completed in 1999. Interest in the facility is as follows:

City of Pierre	35%
City of Fort Pierre	15%
Hughes County	35%
Stanley County	15%

The City's interest in the facility as of December 31, 2010 is reported as a capital asset. Hughes County is acting in the capacity of fiscal agent during the construction of the facility and currently, while the City of Fort Pierre acted in the capacity of fiscal agent for parking lot storm sewer improvements. Financial statements for the joint operation are available from the Hughes County Finance Officer.

The joint operations governing board is composed of four representatives, one from each participating entity. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

At December 31, 2010 this joint operation had total fund equity of \$64,288.

#### 18. PLEDGED REVENUES

The City has pledged future water customers' revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$1,837,193 in water system revenue bonds issued in 2002 and 2006. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of water system infrastructure.

The bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2020. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 70% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,150,446. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenue were \$242,273 and \$728,236, respectively.

The City has also pledged future sewer customers' revenues, net of specified operating expenses to repay \$6,285,000 in sewer system revenue bonds issued in 2010. The bonds were used to refinance bonds issued in 1996 and 2009. Proceeds from the refinanced bonds provided financing for the construction of sewer improvements.

The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2021. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 75% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds are \$7,140,487. Principal and interest was paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$6,785,755 and \$1,165,615, respectively.

City pledged future electric The has also net of specified operating expenses \$13,890,000 in electric system revenue bonds issued in 2010. from the bonds provided financing construction of electrical infrastructure.

The bonds are payable solely from eclectic customer net revenues and are payable through 2040. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 75% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bond is \$30,948,390. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$0 and \$2,813,011, respectively.

### 19. CORRECTION

The beginning fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund was corrected by \$17,784 due to an unrecorded December 31, 2009 account payable.

# CITY OF PIERRE OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND PROGRESS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Status and Funding Progress	Valuation Date January 1, 2008
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$1,135,494
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	-
Actuarial Accrued Liability ((AAL)	1,135,494
Ratio	0.0%
Payroll (active plan members)	5,369,574
Percentage of Covered Payroll	17.6%

# CITY OF PIERRE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)
Revenues:			,
Taxes:			
General property taxes	\$2,421,715	\$2,421,715	\$2,401,195
General sales and use taxes	3,105,000	3,105,000	3,115,118
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	4,000	4,000	4,658
Licenses and Permits	141,420	141,420	161,089
Intergovernmental Revenue			
Federal grants	60,000	3,278,000	1,785,245
State grants	810,000	810,000	13,336
State shared revenue	236,000	236,000	424,803
Country shared revenue	299,600	299,600	57,883
Charges for Goods and Services			
General governement	1,544,232	1,544,232	1,525,498
Public safety	114,288	114,288	138,639
Health	3,000	3,000	2,537
Culture and recreation	654,633	654,633	620,571
Cemetery	20,000	20,000	30,745
Fines and Forfeits			
Court fines and costs	8,000	8,000	2,051
Other	6,000	6,000	7,538
Miscellaneous Revenue			
Investment earnings	246,750	246,750	21,942
Rentals	0	0	10,385
Contributions	13,500	13,500	53,107
Special Assessments	150,000	150,000	6,322
Other	288,256	288,256	350,671
Total Revenue	\$10,126,394	\$13,344,394	\$10,733,333

### Variance with Final Budget-Positive (Negative)

(\$20,520)

10,118

658

19,669

(1,492,755)

(796,664)

188,803

(241,717)

(18,734)

24,351

(463)

(34,062)

10,745

(5,949)

1,538

(224,808)

10,385

39,607

(143,678)

62,415

(\$2,611,061)

# CITY OF PIERRE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)
Expenditures:			
General Government			
Legislative	\$217,466	\$217,466	\$78,044
Contingency	500,000	500,000	0
Amount transferred	0	(500,000)	0
Elections	9,500	9,500	5,524
Financial administration	1,745,402	1,775,402	1,726,703
Other	1,582,336	1,750,238	1,317,634
Public Safety			
Police	2,598,908	2,670,292	2,584,047
Fire	402,618	402,618	382,064
Public Works			
Highways and streets	1,370,031	1,687,474	1,636,374
Cemeteries	253,681	253,681	177,440
Transit	0	3,200,000	1,208,985
Health and Welfare			
Health	74,600	74,600	13,071
Culture and Recreation			
Recreation	487,919	489,419	459,963
Parks	3,597,330	3,644,630	2,496,864
Libraries	804,754	804,754	709,180
Auditorium	44,446	44,446	14,559
Conservation and Development			
Economic development and assistance	556,494	756,494	601,433
Intergovernmental	826,000	898,000	446,974
Total Expenditures	\$15,071,485	\$18,679,014	\$13,858,859

### Variance with Final Budget-Positive (Negative)

\$139,422 500,000 (500,000) 3,976 48,699 432,604 86,245 20,554 51,100 76,241 1,991,015 61,529 29,456 1,147,766 95,574 29,887 155,061

\$4,820,155

451,026

# CITY OF PIERRE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)
Excess of Revenue over (under)			
Expenditures	(\$4,945,091)	(\$5,334,620)	(\$3,125,526)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers-in	1,361,993	1,361,993	1,476,400
Sale of city property	50,000	50,000	161,657
Proceeds of long-term debt	0	0	356,000
Transfers-out	(500,000)	(500,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	911,993	911,993	1,994,057
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,033,098)	(4,422,627)	(1,131,469)
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,1=,1=1,1	(-,,
FUND BALANCE-Beginning	4,403,972	4,403,972	4,403,972
FUND BALANCE-Ending	\$370,874	(\$18,655)	\$3,272,503

Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
\$2,209,094		
114,407 111,657 356,000 500,000		
1,082,064		
3,291,158		
0		
\$3,291,158		

# CITY OF PIERRE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)
REVENUES			
Taxes: General sales and use taxes	\$380,000	\$393,000	\$424,480
Miscellaneous Revenue: Investment earnings	3,000	4,600	4,595
Total Revenues	383,000	397,600	429,075
EXPENDITURES			
General Government Other	0	10,000	9,491
Conservation and Development Economic development	181,500	181,500	181,500
Debt Service	222,000	222,700	222,537
Total Expenditures	403,500	414,200	413,528
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	(20,500)	(16,600)	15,547
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-out	0	(4,600)	(4,595)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,500)	(21,200)	10,952
FUND BALANCE-Beginning	704,621	704,621	704,621
FUND BALANCE-Ending	\$684,121	\$683,421	\$715,573

Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
\$31,480
(5)
31,475
509
0
672
32,147
5
32,152
0
\$32,152

# CITY OF PIERRE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)
REVENUES			
Taxes:			
General sales and use taxes	\$3,105,000	\$3,105,000	\$3,115,118
Intergovernmental Revenue:			
Federal grants	0	40,000	586,571
State grants	0	0	179,759
Miscellaneous Revenue:			
Investment earnings	36,500	36,500	32,027
Total Revenues	3,141,500	3,181,500	3,913,475
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety:			
Fire	325,000	330,600	327,900
Public Works:			
Highways and streets	1,375,000	1,635,856	1,361,030
Sanitation	650,000	994,034	364,942
Health and Welfare:			
Ambulance	0	80,000	71,668
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation	198,000	198,000	32,478
Parks	179,000	837,295	94,916
Debt Service	473,000	473,000	472,903
Total Expenditures	3,200,000	4,548,785	2,725,837
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	(58,500)	(1,367,285)	1,187,638
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds of long-term debt	295,000	1,395,000	365,048
Transfers-out		(40,000)	(32,027)
N. Cl	226.500	(12.205)	1.520.650
Net Change in Fund Balance	236,500	(12,285)	1,520,659
FUND BALANCE-Beginning,			
as previously reported	4,257,237	4,257,237	4,257,237
Correction	0	(17,784)	(17,784)
FUND BALANCE-Beginning	4,257,237	4,239,453	4,239,453
		<b>0.4.53</b> = 1.55	<b>A.</b> = -0
FUND BALANCE-Ending	\$4,493,737	\$4,227,168	\$5,760,112

Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
\$10,118		
546,571		
179,759		
(4,473) 731,975		
2,700		
274,826		
629,092		
8,332		
165,522		
742,379 97		
97 1,822,948		
2,554,923		
(1,029,952)		
7,973		
1,532,944		
0		
0		

\$1,532,944

## CITY OF PIERRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. At the first regular board meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, the governing board introduces the annual appropriation ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year.
- After adoption by the governing board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 4.
- 3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total municipal budget and may be transferred by resolution of the governing board to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
- 5. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution to the governing board.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 7. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP).

# CITY OF PIERRE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES PIERRE REGIONAL AIRPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010

Airline	Net Collected
Delta	\$ 35,954
GREAT LAKES	6,260
UNITED AIRLINES	6,727
ALL OTHER AIRLINES	10,183
Total PFC Collection for 2010 Total PFC Collection for 2009 Total PFC Collection for 2008 Total PFC Collections for 2007 Total PFC Collections for 2006 Total PFC Collections for 2005 Total PFC Collections for 2004 Total PFC Collections for 2003	\$ 59,124 43,809 53,314 46,383 57,317 67,975 72,726 51,697
Total PFC Collections for 2003-2009	<u>\$452,345</u>
Total Allowable PFC Net Collections to date	\$788,346 (452,345)
Remaining amount to collect	<u> \$336,001</u>

### **CITY OF PIERRE**

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Federal	Pass through	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	
Grantor Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Department of Defense-U.S. Corps of Engineers:			
Direct Federal Funding:			
Construction Relocation and Alteration			
of Facilities	12.000	N/A _	\$235,668
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Indirect Federal Funding:			
S.D. Governors' Office of Economic Development:			
Community Development Block Grant/			
State's Program	14.228	N/A _	149,701
Department of Transportation:			
Direct Federal Funding:			
Airport Improvement Program (Note 2 and 4) Indirect Federal Funding:	20.106	N/A	2,502,360
S.D. Department of Transportation	20.500	N/A	143,808
Highway Planning and Construction (ARRA)	20.500	17/11	113,000
(Note 2)	20.205	N/A	436,870
Federal Transit (ARRA) (Note 2)	20.509	N/A	1,380,333
S.D. Department of Commerce and Regulation-	20.50)	1 1/11	1,500,555
State and Community			
Highway Safety	20.600	N/A	6,348
<i>6</i> <b>,</b>		· _	
Total Department of Transportation:		_	4,469,719
General Services Administration:			
Indirect Federal Funding:			
S.D. Federal Property Agency,			
Donation of Federal Surplus (Note 3)	39.003	N/A _	2,717
National Endowement for the Arts			
Direct Federal Funding			
Promotion of the Arts	45.025	N/A _	1,088
Department of Homeland Security:			
Indirect Federal Funding:			
S.D. Department of Public Safety			
Office of Emergency Management			
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	N/A	18,000
GRAND TOTAL			\$4,876,893
ORTHO TOTAL		=	Ψ1,070,073

### CITY OF PIERRE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

- Note 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City and is presented on the modified accrual/full accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133,

  Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.
- Note 2: This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.
- Note 3: The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of federal surplus property received by the City.
- Note 4: The Airport Improvement Program consisted of the following expenditures for 2010:

Grant Number		Amount
A.I.P. #3-46-044-24 A.I.P. #3-46-044-25		\$33,527 743,507
A.I.P. #3-46-044-26	(ARRA)	20,830
A.I.P. #3-46-044-27		982,777
A.I.P. #3-46-044-28		721,719
	Total	\$2,502,360

## CITY OF PIERRE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- b. No material instances of noncompliance were noted by the audit.
- c. An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- d. My audit did not disclose any audit findings that needed to be disclosed in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- e. The federal awards tested as major programs were:

Airport Improvement Program CFDA 20.106

Highway Planning and Construction CFDA 20.205 (ARRA) Federal Transit CFDA 20.509 (ARRA)

- f. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$300,000.
- g. The City of Pierre did qualify as a low-risk entity.
- 2. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

3. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

# CITY OF PIERRE SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no prior audit findings or questioned costs for the two previous audits.